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APPLICATION NOTE

Drive Applications Support Library

Application Note	AN-P2-006		
Title	Configuring Voltage and Current Reference Inputs		
Related Products	P2 Series AC Drives		
Level:	 Fundamental - No previous experience necessary. Basic - Some basic drives knowledge recommended. Advanced - Some basic drives knowledge required. Expert - Good experience in topic of subject matter recommended. 		

Overview:

The speed and Torque of the P2 Series drives can be controlled by either voltage based or current based reference signals. These signals can originate from a locally mounted potentiometer or from a remote intelligent control system (such as a PLC).

In addition the analog reference values fed back to the drive can be used within the drives PLC programming functionality (Licensed option) to represent feedback or values to the internal PLC program.

This applications note explains how the analog reference values are connected to the drive and how the drive is configured to understand the format of the signal it is receiving.

Parameters:

P2-30: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Format

This parameter allows the user to configure the format of the signal connected to analog input 1. The following formats are supported:

U 0- 10	Voltage input, 0V 10V (Uni-polar)
U 10-0	Voltage input, 10V 0V (Uni-polar)

- 10- 10	Voltage input, -10V 10V (Bi-polar)
A 0-50	Current input, 0mA 20mA
F 4-50	Current input, 4mA 20mA – Drive trip below 3mA
r 4-20	Current input, 4mA 20mA – Drive Stop below 3mA
F 50-4	Current input, 20mA 4mA – Drive trip below 3mA
r 20-4	Current input, 20mA 4mA – Drive Stop below 3mA

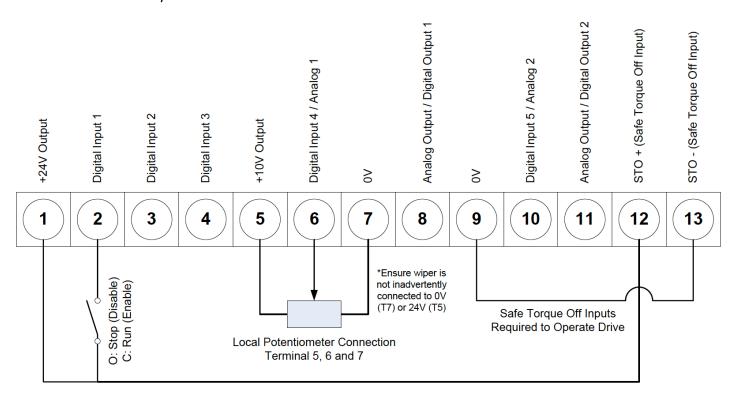
When set to 0-10V or 10-0V, all negative voltages will give zero speed. When set to -10-10V all negative voltages will result in the drive running with negative (reverse) speed. Speed is proportional to the magnitude of the input voltage in both directions.

Typical configurations for the analog input (Terminal 6) are shown below.

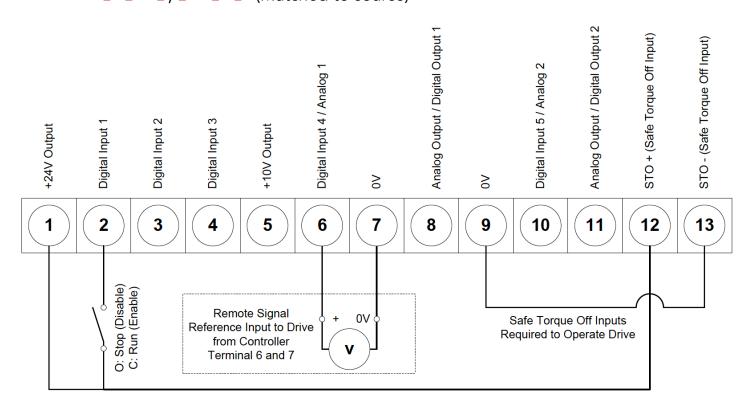
Example 1: Local Potentiometer using drive internal supply voltage.

P2 drives are configured with the internal +10V uni-polar supply for connection to a local Potentiometer.

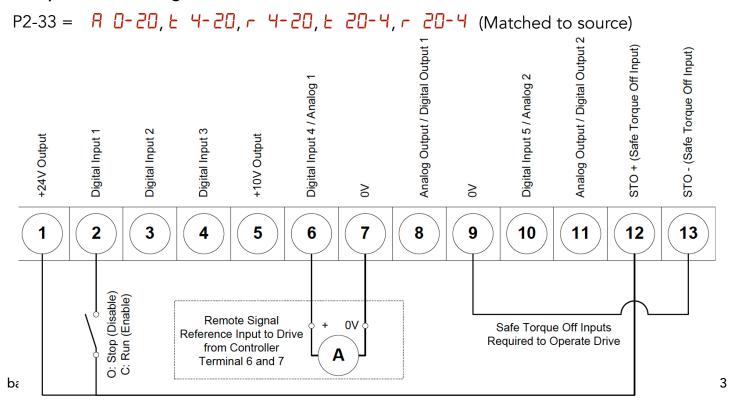
$$P2-30 = U \Box - I\Box, U I\Box - \Box$$



Example 2: Remote Signal Reference (voltage Source).



Example 3: Remote Signal Reference (Current Source).



P2-33: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 10) Format

This parameter allows the user to configure the format of the signal connected to analog input 2. The following formats are supported:

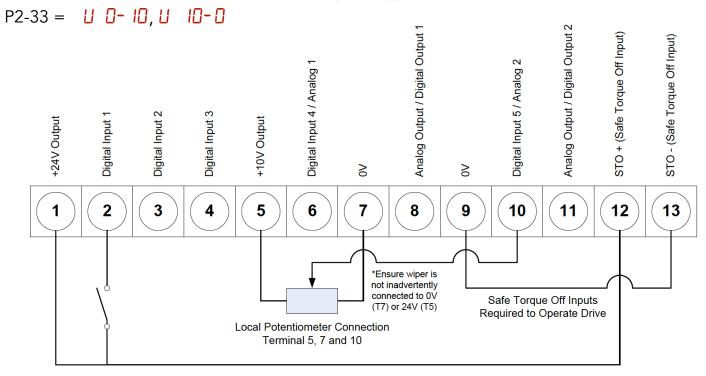
U 0- 10	Voltage input, 0V 10V (Uni-polar)
U 10-0	Voltage input, 10V 0V (Uni-polar)
Ptc-th	Motor PTC Thermistor Input
A 0-50	Current input, 0mA 20mA
F 4-50	Current input, 4mA 20mA – Drive trip below 3mA
r 4-20	Current input, 4mA 20mA – Drive Stop below 3mA
£ 20-4	Current input, 20mA 4mA – Drive trip below 3mA
r 20-4	Current input, 20mA 4mA – Drive Stop below 3mA

When set to 0-10V or 10-0V, all negative voltages will give zero speed.

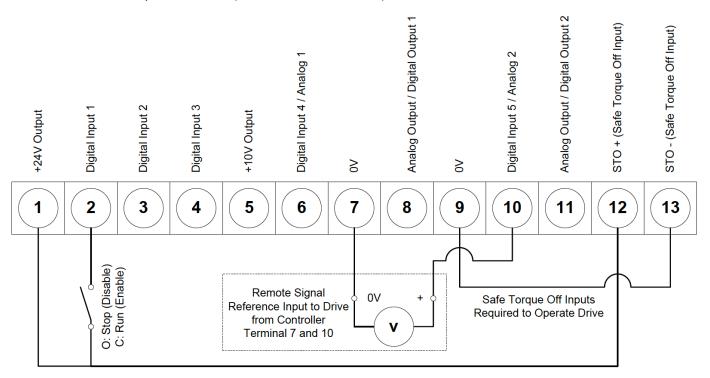
Typical configurations for the analog input (Terminal 10) are shown below.

Example 1: Local Potentiometer using drive internal supply voltage.

P2 drives are configured with the internal +10V uni-polar supply for connection to a local Potentiometer.

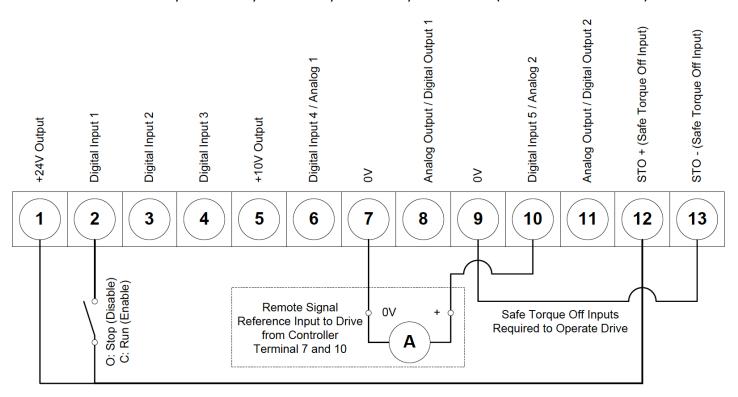


Example 2: Remote Signal Reference (voltage Source).



Example 3: Remote Signal Reference (Current Source).

P2-33 = 90-20, E4-20, F4-20, E20-4, F20-4 (Matched to source)

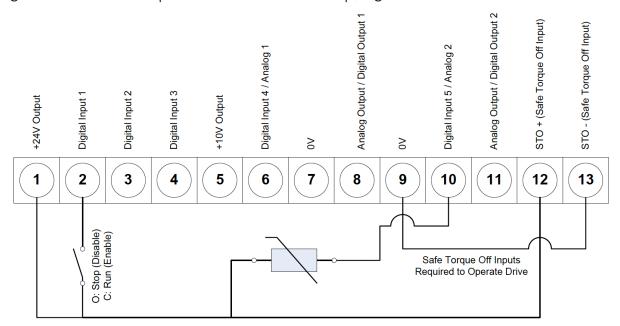


Example 4: Remote Signal Reference (Motor Thermistor).

P2-33 = Ptc-th

Compatible Thermistor : PTC Type, $2.5k\Omega$ trip level

Use a setting of P1-13 that have Input 5 function as External Trip, e.g. P1-13 = 6



P2-31: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Scaling

P2-34: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 10) Scaling

This parameter is used to scale the analog input prior to being applied as a reference to the drive. For example, if P2-30 is set for 0 – 10V, and the scaling factor is set to 200.0%, a 5 volt input will result in the drive running at maximum speed.

P2-32: Analog Input 1 (Terminal 6) Offset

P2-35: Analog Input 2 (Terminal 10) Offset

This parameter defines an offset for the analog input, as a percentage of the full range of the input. A positive offset is deducted from the incoming analog signal and a negative offset is added to the signal.

For example, if P2-30 is set for 0 - 10V, and the analog offset is set to 10.0%, then 1 volt (10% of 10V) will be deducted from the incoming analog reference prior to it being applied within the drive.

Appendix:

Revision History					
Version	Comments	Author	Date		
1	Document Creation	JP	02/09/12		
2	Revised to new format	КВ	06/15/15		

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