# **Product manual 400, 800, 1200**

1 Introduction

Bardac

drives

- 2 Dimensions and typical applications
- Installation guidelines for EMC 3
- 4 Terminal specification and block diagram

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- 5 Installation and commissioning
- 6 Customer presets and log
- 7 Trouble shooting guide
- 8 Detailed specification

Please read and understand this manual prior to installing the unit. Please obtain expert help if you are not qualified to install this equipment. Make the safety of your installation a priority. This component is hazardous.

# Introduction

Bardac Drives offers a family of D.C. THYRISTOR drive modules all with the same features and terminals. The user selects the appropriate model depending on required power output. The drives are all NON-ISOLATED.

DRIVE TYPE	AC SUPPLY	NOMINAL	MAX. CURRENT	NOMINAL
	VOLTAGE	OUTPUT		POWER
400LV	30/60	24/48V	4 AMPS	200 W
400	110/240	90/180V	4 AMPS	0.55 KW
800LV	30/60	24/48V	8 AMPS	400 W
800	110/240	90/180V	8 AMPS	1.2 KW
1200LV	30/60	24/48V	12 AMPS	600 W
1200	110/240	90/180	12 AMPS	2.0 KW

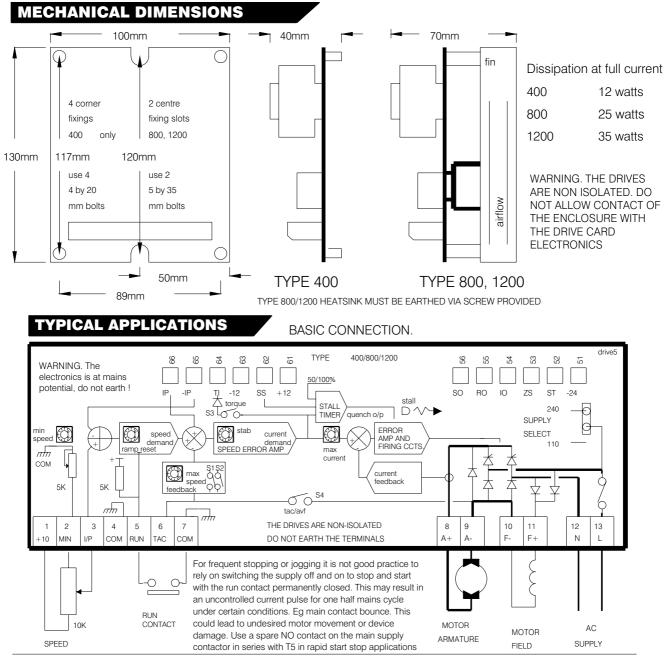
All types are of open chassis construction. Enclosed versions available as follows. 400E, 400ER, 800E, 800ER, 1200E, 1200ER. E=enclosed, R=reversing

# **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

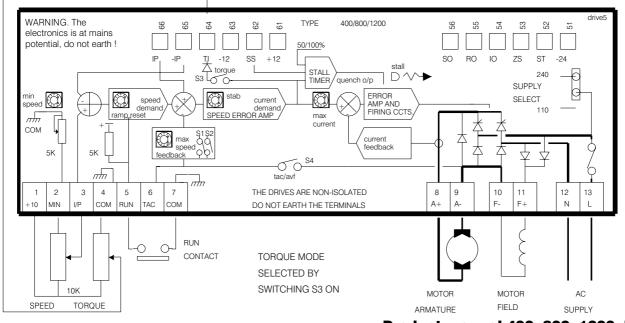
The units employ closed loop control of both armature current and feedback voltage to give precise control of the motor torque and speed. The motor and drive are protected by a stall timer which automatically removes power after 30 seconds if the required speed cannot be achieved. The drives will provide up to 150% of the preset maximum current for up to 30 seconds allowing high short term torques during acceleration etc. Independant control of either the current or speed loops by external inputs allows torque or speed control applications with overspeed or overcurrent protection. The demand signal may be derived from a potentiometer, 0-10V signal or 4-20mA loop. The speed feedback signal may be selected to be the ARMATURE VOLTAGE or a shaft mounted TACHOMETER.

# **INPUTS AND OUTPUTS**

+aux input	speed output		rail outputs			
-aux input	current output		+12V regulated output			
current input	ramp output		+10V precision reference			
4-20mA input	stall relay driver		-12V regulated output			
0 to 10V input	zero speed driver		-24V unregulated output			
ADJUSTABLE	Max speed	Up ramp	Max current	Stability		
PARAMETERS	Min speed	Down ramp	IR comp			
SWITCHED	Maximum feedback		Tacho feedback			
FUNCTIONS	Torque control		AV feedback			
JUMPER	Dual supply voltage		Phase angle limit			
FUNCTIONS	4-20mA input		50% stall threshold			
PERFORMANCE	Dual loop control	Precision tach	o rectifier	Compact design		
FEATURES	Relay driver o/ps	International c	compatability	Integral fusing		



TORQUE CONTROL WITH OVERSPEED LIMITING BY SEPARATE SPEED SETPOINT. If the speed exceeds the level programmed by the speed setpoint, then the speed loop takes control.



# INSTALLATION GUIDE FOR SYSTEMS USED IN THE EUROPEAN UNION

Special consideration must be given to installations in member states of the European Union regarding noise suppression and immunity. According to IEC 1800-3 (EN61800-3) the drive units are classified as complex components only for professional assemblers, with no CE marking for EMC. The drive manufacturer is responsible for the provision of installation guidelines. The resulting EMC behaviour is the responsibility of the manufacturer of the system or installation. The units are subject to the LOW VOLTAGE DIRECTIVE 73/23/EEC and are CE marked accordingly.

Following the procedures outlined below will normally be required for the drive system to comply with the European regulations, some systems may require different measures. Installers must have a level of technical competence to correctly install. Although the drive unit itself is not subject to the EMC directive, considerable development work has been undertaken to ensure that the noise emissions and immunity are optimised.

EN61800-3 specifies 2 alternative operating environments. These are the domestic (1st environment) and industrial (2nd environment). There are no limits specified for conducted or radiated emissions in the industrial environment, hence it is usual for the filter to be omitted in industrial systems.

Definition of an industrial environment. All establishments other than those directly connected to a low-voltage power supply network which supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.

#### DRIVE INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS FOR EMC COMPLIANCE Linear control signal cables must be

Keep parallel runs of power and control cables at least 0.3m apart Crossovers must be at right angles

Keep sensitive components

at least 0.3m from the drive

\*

DOORS

110V CONTROL

The AC supply filter must have a good earth connection to the enclosure back plane. Take care with painted metal to ensure aood conductivity.

The metal enclosure will be the RF ground. The AC filter and motor cable screen should connect directly to the metal of the cabinet for best performance

The AC input filter has earth leakage currents. Earth RCD devices may need to be set at 5% of rated current

POINT

and power supply cables cable must have an internal earth cable The AC connections from and the screen must extend into the USERS METAL ENCLOSURE the filter to the drive must enclosure and motor terminal box to be less than 0.3m or if form a Faraday cage without gaps DC DRIVE MODULE longer correctly screened The internal earth cable must be DRIVE DRIVE EARTH earthed at each end. The incoming Do not run filtered and DRIVE ARMATURE earth must be effective at RF. AC SUPPLY unfiltered AC supply CONTROL TERMINAL AND FIELD WARNING! the earth safety must TERMINALS INPUTS OUTPUTS (not on 400) cables together always take precedence. Control signals must be CONTROL AC SUPPLY filtered or suppressed eg SIGNAL **FII TFR** control relay coils and FILTERS UNIT \* current carrying contacts. The drive module has built in filters on signal outputs IMPORTANT SAFETY WARNINGS The AC supply filter contains high The AC supply filters must The drive and AC filter must only voltage capacitors and should not be not be used on supplies be used with a permanent earth touched for a period of 20 seconds that are un-balanced or connection. No plugs/sockets are DANGER after the removal of the AC supply float with respect to earth allowed in the AC supply FILTER MULTIPLE DRIVES WITH ONE ING AND METHODS The filter should be rated DRIVE 2 DRIVE 1 for the worst case total NOTE Earth NOTE Earth armature current load connection connection The drive units are not made not made designed to function to 400 to 400 normally on unfiltered AC MOTOR MOTOR 1 supplies shared with other thyristor DC drives. WARNING (not AC drives) DO NOT EARTH ........... ANY CONTROL FILTER TERMINALS OF THE DRIVE UNITS **CUBICLE METAL** ANALOGUE SCREEN CLEAN EARTH FAILURE TO HEED INSULATED FROM METALWORK WORK EARTH THIS WARNING BACKPLATE 24V RELAY CONTROL CLEAN EARTH WILL RESULT IN PERMANENT METAL WORK INSULATED FROM METALWORK STAR

INCOMING SAFETY EARTH

DAMAGE

screened with the screen earthed at

length of screen stripped back and

armoured with 360 degree screen

connect it to an analogue earth point

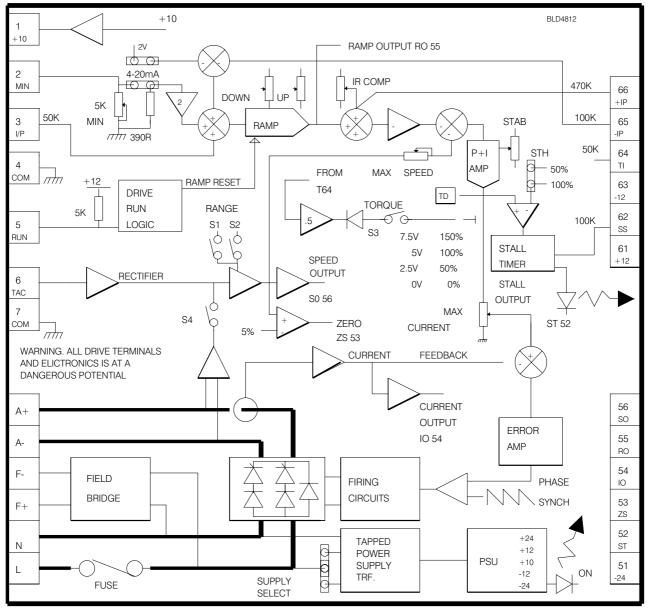
The motor cable must be screened or

terminations to earth at each end. The

the drive end only. Minimise the

C F

#### **BLOCK DIAGRAM AND TERMINAL SPECIFICATION**



1 +10V PRECISION REFERENCE 10mA MAX. SHORT CCT. PROOF

2 MINIMUM END OF SETPOINT POT OR 4-20 mA CURRENT LOOP I/P

3 SPEED DEMAND INPUT 0-10V FOR 0-100% SPEED

4 COMMON. (4-20mA RETURN)

5 CONNECT TO COMMON TO RUN 60mS ON /20mS OFF (5K ohm pull up to  $\pm 12\text{V}$ )

(WARNING. RUN is an electronic inhibit function. The field remains energised, and all power terminals remain 'live'. RUN must not be relied upon during hazardous operations)

6 TACHO INPUT 12-200V FULL SCALE. + OR -

POLARITY 7 COMMON

8 A1+ ARMATURE OUTPUT

9 A2- ARMATURE OUTPUT

10 F 2- FIELD OUTPUT

11 F1+ FIELD OUTPUT

12 N NEUTRAL AC SUPPLY I/P

13 L LINE AC SUPPLY INPUT

#### SIGNAL PADS ON TOP EDGE

66 AUXILIARY SPEED INPUT 0 TO 10V FOR 0-100% DIRECT SPEED

65 AUX INVERTING SPEED INPUT 0 TO -10V FOR 0-100% RAMPED SPEED

- 64 TORQUE INPUT. 0 TO +10V FOR 0-100% CURRENT
- 63 -12V OUTPUT 10mA MAX
- 62 STOP/START INPUT. CLOSE TO -12V TO ACTIVATE STALL CONDITION. CLOSE TO +12V TO RELEASE STALL CONDITION
- 61 +12V OUTPUT 10mA MAX

56 SPEED OUTPUT. TYPICALLY 7.5V FULL SCALE. ADJUSTMENT OF MAX SPEED PRESET WILL ALTER THE FULL SCALE READING FROM 4V (ACW) TO 9V (CW). 0V TO FULL SCALE REPRESENTS 0-100%. IMPEDANCE 1K

55 SETPOINT RAMP OUTPUT 0-10V IMPEDANCE 1K OHMS

54 CURRENT OUTPUT 0-5V FOR 0-100% CURRENT. IMPEDANCE 1K

53 ZERO SPEED RELAY DRIVER O/P MAX 100mA

52 STALL RELAY DRIVER O/P MAX 100mA

51 -24V RELAY SUPPLY 25mA MAX. DO NOT SHORT

PNP Internal transistor Terminal 52 or 53 External Relay coil. 2K8 Ohms. FROM T51

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# INSTALLATION AND COMMISSIONING

Ensure supply is disconnected before working on unit

#### POWER CABLING

Use correctly rated cable minimum 600V AC 2 times armature current

#### **FUSING**

The drives have built in line fuses for wiring protection. 400 6.3A HRC, 800 15A HRC, 1200 15A HRC. The drive thyristor bridge can only be protected by fitting external semiconductor fuses. see page 8 for details.

#### **CONTROL SIGNALS**

All control inputs to the drives are NON-ISOLATED. Do not connect any of the terminals to earth or other low voltage. A common HAZARD is accidental earthing of the external pot and contact wiring. Avoid running signal cables close to power cables.

#### SUPPRESSION

The drives have excellent noise immunity. However installations involving electrical welding or RF induction heating may require further filters on the line and armature terminals. Contactor coils and sparking contacts may also require suppression. A 100R in series with 0.1uF cap. is usually adequate in these situations. Refer to page 3 for EMC guidelines.

# SELECTOR SWITCHES AND JUMPERS

Must not be touched with power on.

#### MECHANICAL

Optimise heatsink airflow. Avoid vibration and ambient temps outside -10C and +40C. Protect the drive from pollutants.

## MOTOR

Foot mounted motors must be level and secure. Protect motors from ingress of foreign matter during installation. Ensure accurate alignment of motor shaft with couplings. Do not hammer pulleys or couplings onto the motor shaft. Before running the motor complete the following check list.

1) Correct insulation resistance between all windings and earth with all drive cables disconnected

2) Check inside connection box for foreign objects, damaged terminals etc.

3) Check that brushes are in good condition, correctly seated and free to move in brush boxes. Check correct action of brush springs.

4) Motor vents must be freed of any obstruction or protective covers prior to running.

5) WARNING reversing systems. Do not transpose the armature connections until the motor has stopped. Failure to heed this warning will cause damage.

#### SUPPLY

Please ensure that the supply selection jumper on the drive matches the incoming supply. Failure to do this may result in permanent damage to the unit.

#### **INITIAL SETTINGS**

The drive units are shipped to run on the highest supply option at nominal speed in ARMATURE VOLTAGE feedback mode. To change this run through switches S1 to S4 and select accordingly.

- S1 S2 SPEED. Calculate desired full scale feedback voltage and select range. Adjust within the range by using the MAX SPEED preset. Feedback may be tacho OR armature.
- S3 Normally off. This switch allows a Torque signal to be entered when on via signal pad 64 (TI) on top edge. Refer to block diagram on page 4.
- S4 ON for Armature voltage feedback. OFF for Tacho feedback.

## PRESET POT SETTINGS

MAX CURRENT. cw rotation gives 0 to 100% current limit. eg. 50% rotation gives 50% current limit. Check motor rating plate to find correct limit.

Anticlockwise	MIN SPEED UP RAMP	DOWN RAMP IR COMP
Midway	STAB	

POWER ON Check ON lamp lights

## CLOSE RUN CONTACT

Gradually increase external setpoint, check motor rotation. If the direction is wrong, TURN OFF and swap A+, A-

## INCREASE SETPOINT.

Drive should ramp up to full speed. Fine adjust with MAX SPEED preset. Do not exceed armature voltage rating. Reduce setpoint, drive should ramp down to zero. Adjust MIN SPEED to desired level. Run motor up and down and adjust RAMPS.(DOWN ramp is limited by coast down rate)

## STABILITY

Adjust STAB to improve response if necessary. Clockwise rotation gives faster response. Excessive rotation in either direction may lead to instability depending on load.

#### IR COMP

Speed droop may occur where armature voltage feedback is used. This is compensated for by clockwise rotation of IR COMP preset. Excessive rotation may lead to instability. No IR COMP is required for systems with tacho feedback.

## TORQUE SYSTEMS

See typical applications. In this mode the lowest setpoint has priority. Hence the speed setpoint is set to demand a speed slightly in excess of the working speed, and then the torque setpoint will always be operating as a limit. In the event of a web break for example, the motor will only run up to the level set on the speed pot.

#### LAMPS

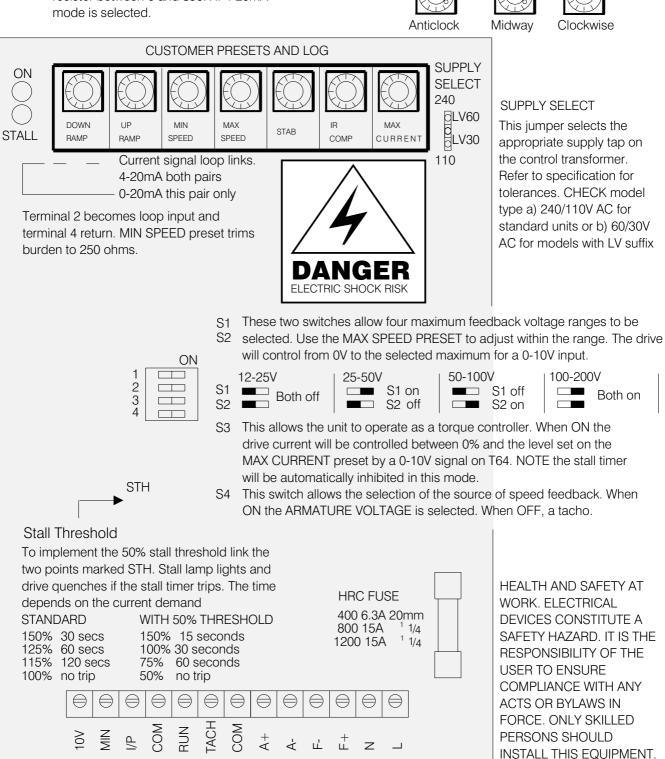
- ON On indicates AC power is applied
- STALL Stall lamp lights and drive quenches if stall timer trips. see below for description of timer characteristics.

# PRESETS

- DOWN RAMP Rotate clockwise to increase drive deceleration. Span 1 to 30 seconds. Note, natural coast down is a limit. UP Rotate clockwise to increase drive
- RAMP acceleration. Span 1 to 30 seconds
- MIN SPEED Rotate clockwise to increase minimum speed. Use to adjust 4-20mA loop burden resistor between 0 and 390R if 4-20mA mode is selected.

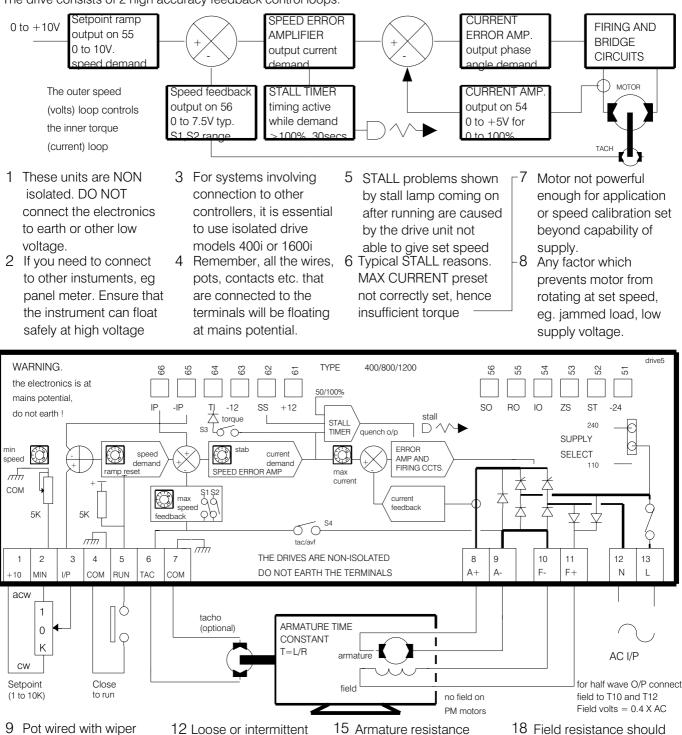
- MAX Rotate clockwise to increase speed. Change SPEED range with S1 and S2
- STAB Rotate clockwise to increase response. Excessive rotation may cause instability. If rated motor voltage is much lower than AC supply anticlockwise is best.
- IR Rotate clockwise to increase level of armature voltage droop compensation. Excessive rotation may cause instability





# **TROUBLE SHOOTING.**

The drive consists of 2 high accuracy feedback control loops.



- 9 Pot wired with wiper connected to T2 instead of T3. Motor slows down instead of speeding up
- 10 Wires to T2 and T3 transposed. Motor slows down for clockwise rotation
- 11 Any pot wire or internal electrical part of pot earthed. This causes critical damage. Double check before power on.
- 12 Loose or intermittent 15 tacho coupling causes instability or overspeeding. Make sure coupling is secure and non-elastic
- 13 Incorrect feedback 16 scaling causes over or underspeeding. Calculate the desired max. tacho volts, adjust S1, S2
- 14 Tacho failure. Until a 1 replacement is obtained change to AV feedback S4. Rescale with S1, S2
- Armature resistance should normally be a few ohms. The armature time constant must be greater than 10 msecs
- 16 Shorted turn on motor armature can cause
  power device failure. Check resistance through 360 deg rotation
- 17 Brushes should be in good condition, correctly seated, and free to move in brush boxes.
- 8 Field resistance should normally be a few hundred ohms. The field must be isolated from earth and the armature
- 19 Do not open circuit the field. Do not open circuit the armature unless RUN is opened first.
- 20 The AC supply must lie within the limits specified on page 8. Ensure the selection jumper is correct.

SPECIFICATION						
FUNCTION	SPECIFICATION				COMMENTS	
CONTROL ACTION	DUAL LOOP PROPORTIONAL + INTEGRAL					
FEEDBACK METHOD	ARMATURE VOLTS TACHOMETER			SWITCH SELECT		
0-100% REGULATION	2% TYPICAL 0.1% TYPICAL					
MAX TORQUE SPEED RANGE	20 : 1 100 : 1			BEWARE MOTOR HEAT AT LOW		
OVERLOAD	150% CONTIN	IUOUS CURI	SPEED			
CUSTOMER PRESETS						
MAX SPEED	12V - 200V FUL	L SCALE FEE	DBACK			SWITCH SELECT
MIN SPEED	0-50% OF MAX	SPEED				NON-INTERACTIVE
UP/DOWN RAMPS	INDEPENDANT	LY ADJUSTA	BLE 1-30secs	3		LINEAR RAMPS
STABILITY	VARIES SPEED	LOOP GAIN				
IR COMPENSATION	0-30% OF ARM	ATURE VOLT.	AGE			
MAX CURRENT	LINEAR SETTIN	IG FROM 0-10	00%			150% OVERLOAD
SWITCH SELECTABLE SPEED RANGE	FOUR RANGES OF FEEDBACK VOLTAGE				S1, S2	
TORQUE MODE	O-10V INPUT FOR 0-100% CURRENT WITH AUTOMATIC OVERSPEED PROTECTION.				S3	
TACHO/AVF	SELECT TACHO	SELECT TACHO OR AV. FEEDBACK				S4
JUMPER FUNCTIONS						
SUPPLY SELECT	DUAL SUPPLY VOLTAGE SELECTOR					
LINK FUNCTIONS 4-20mA LOOP 50% STALL LEVEL (STH LINK)	ALLOWS 4-20mA LOOP SIGNAL INPUT ALLOWS LARGE PEAK CURRENTS				5V COMPLIANCE 150% PEAK	
SUPPLY RANGES 45HZ TO 65HZ	MAX	LV30 36V	LV60 72V	110 130V	240 264V	OVER FULL TEMP RANGE WITH
AUTO RANGING	MIN	27V	54V	100V	200V	OUTPUTS LOADED
SIGNAL OUTPUTS	SPEED, CURRENT, RAMP				ALL BUFFERED	
RELAY OUTPUTS	STALL , ZERO SPEED RELAY DRIVERS				FOR -24V DC	
RAIL OUTPUTS	-24V UNREGULATED 25mA +12V, +10V, -12V REGULATED 10mA				+/- 20% 0.01%/DEG C 5%	
FIELD OUTPUT ALTITUDE HUMIDITY FORM FACTOR TEMPERATURE	0.9 (0.45) TIMES AC SUPPLY. 0.5 AMP MAX 3000 METRES MAX FOR FULL RATING 85% R.H AT 40 C, NON-CONDENSING TYPICAL 1.5 AT MAX. OUTPUT OPERATING and STORAGE -10 to +50 ambient				FULL WAVE (0.9), HALF WAVE (0.45) DERATE 1%/100M	
MAX I <sup>2</sup> t FOR EXTERNAL FUSING	MODELS 400/800 50 l <sup>2</sup> t, MODEL 1200 365 l <sup>2</sup> t				CONTACT SUPPLIER TO OBTAIN SUITABLE SEMI-CONDUCTOR FUSES FOR ALL MODELS	

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